Medicare Advantage: It's Here, Now What?

Presentation to the National Rural Health Association 2024 Policy Institute - Washington D.C.

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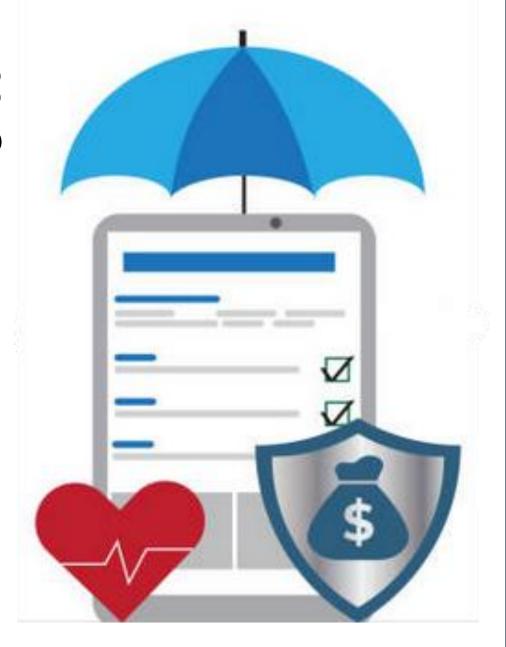
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Medicare Advantage



REALITY IS THAT
MA IS PRIVATE
INSURANCE WITHIN
MEDICARE
PARAMETERS



ENROLLMENT
INCREASING, MORE
THAN 50%, WITH
NEARLY 40% OF
RURAL
BENEFICIARIES



FEDERAL
PAYMENT IS
CAPITATED, BUT
TO THE HEALTH
PLANS



HEALTH PLAN
PAYMENTS TO
PROVIDERS
VARIES





Medicare Advantage



Attraction to enrollees: benefits, low premiums



Potential problems for enrollees: narrow networks, limited benefits

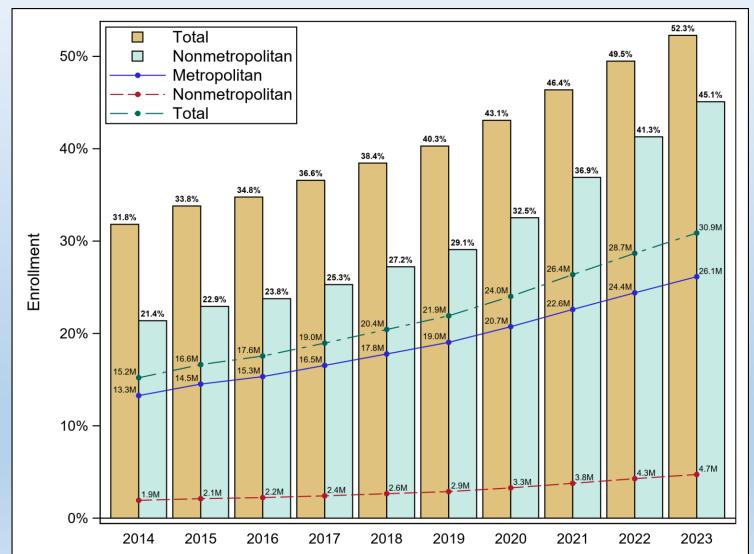


What does it mean for a "new world" in health care delivery and finance?



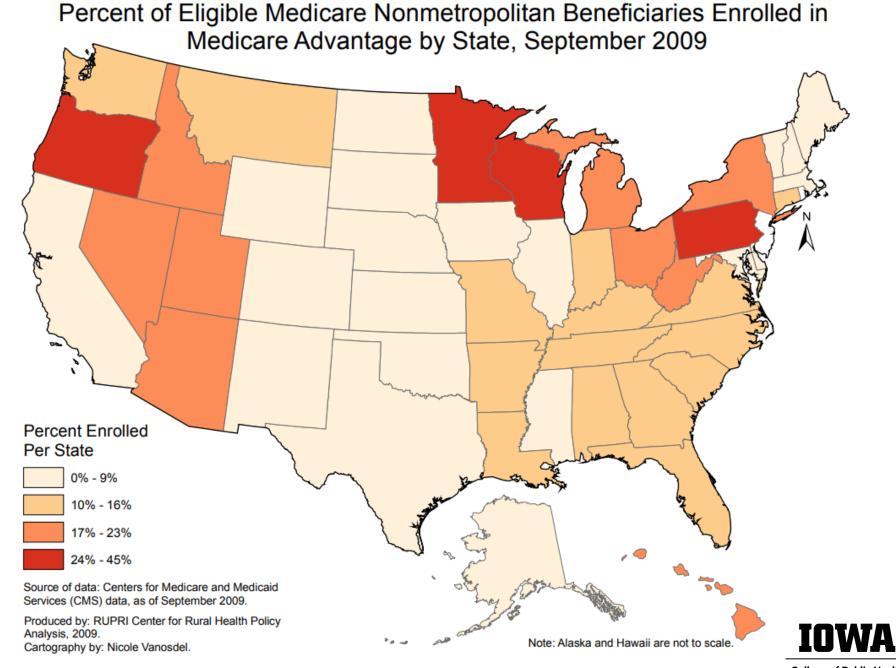


Increases in Rural Beneficiary Enrollment in MA Plans, 2014 - 2023



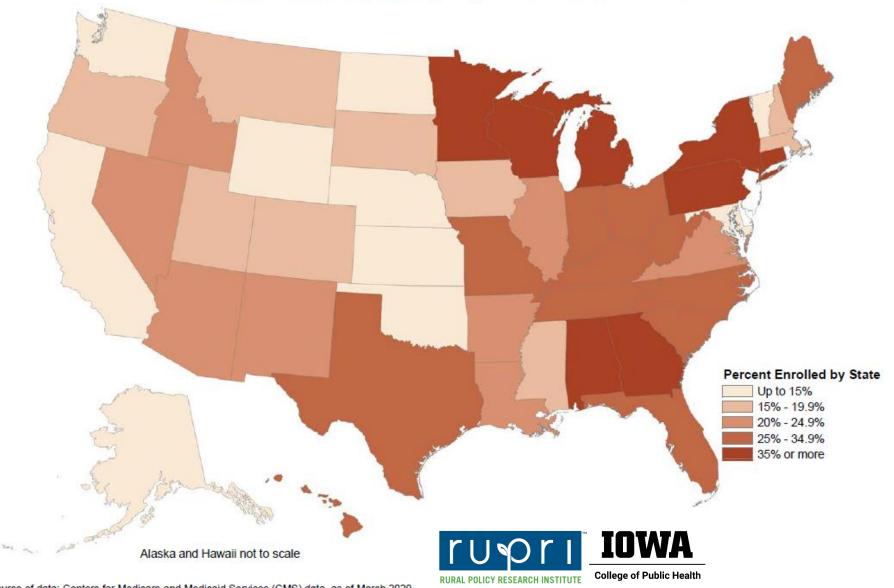


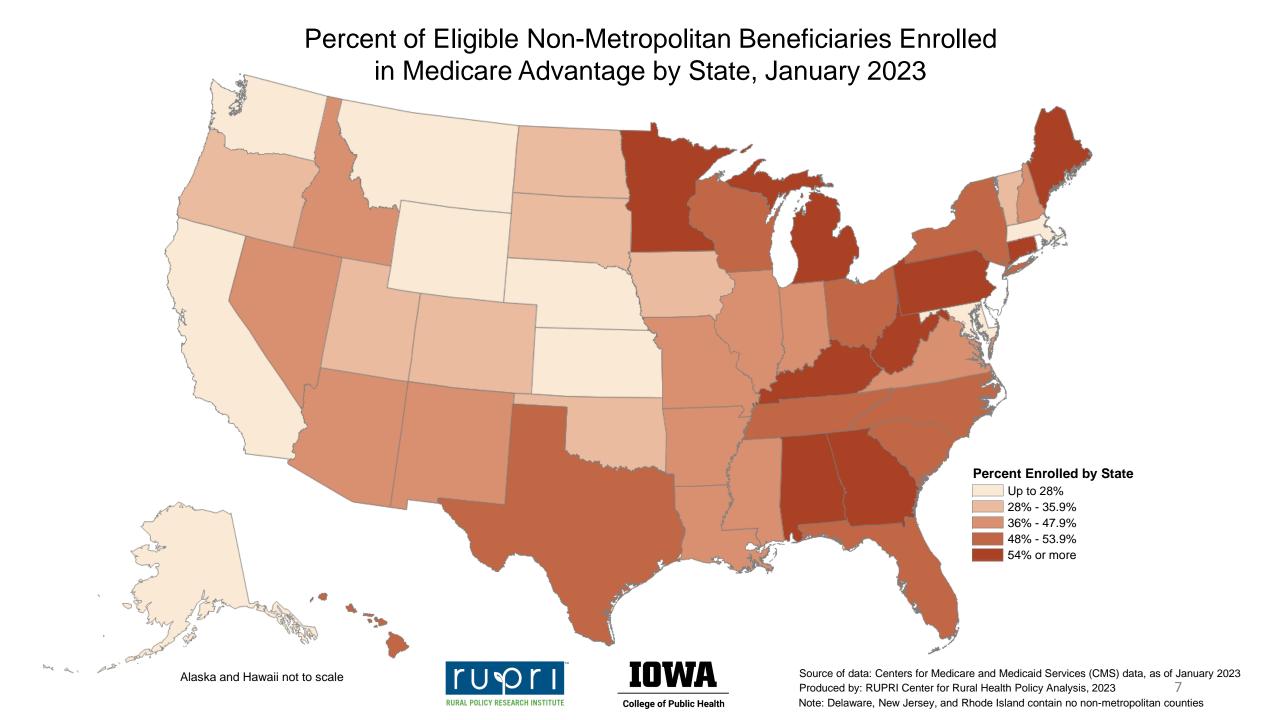




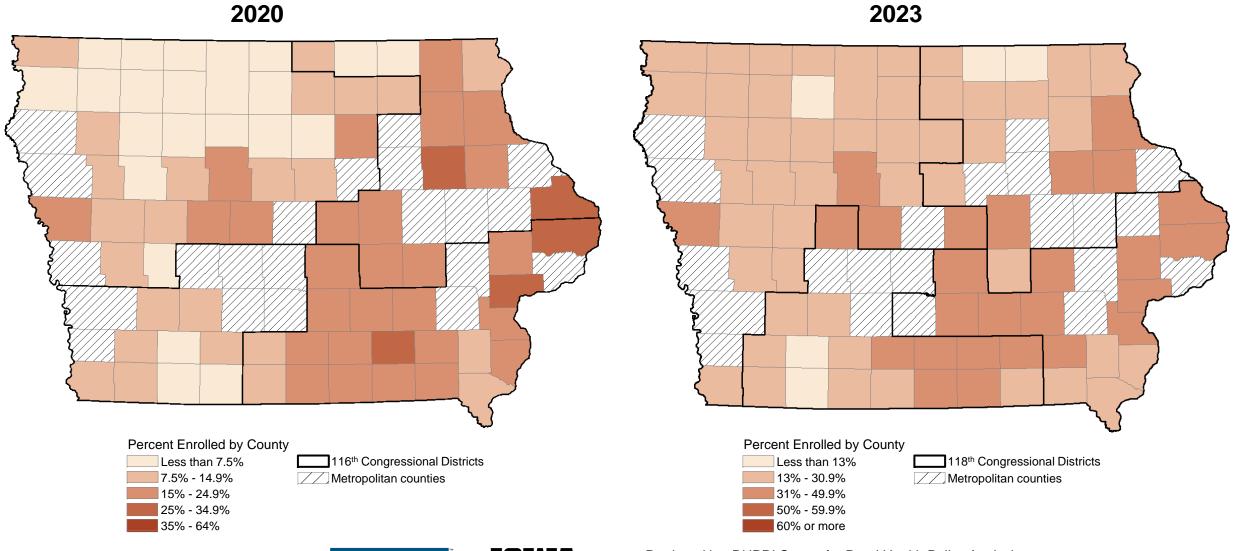


Percent of Eligible Non-Metropolitan Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicare Advantage by State, March 2020





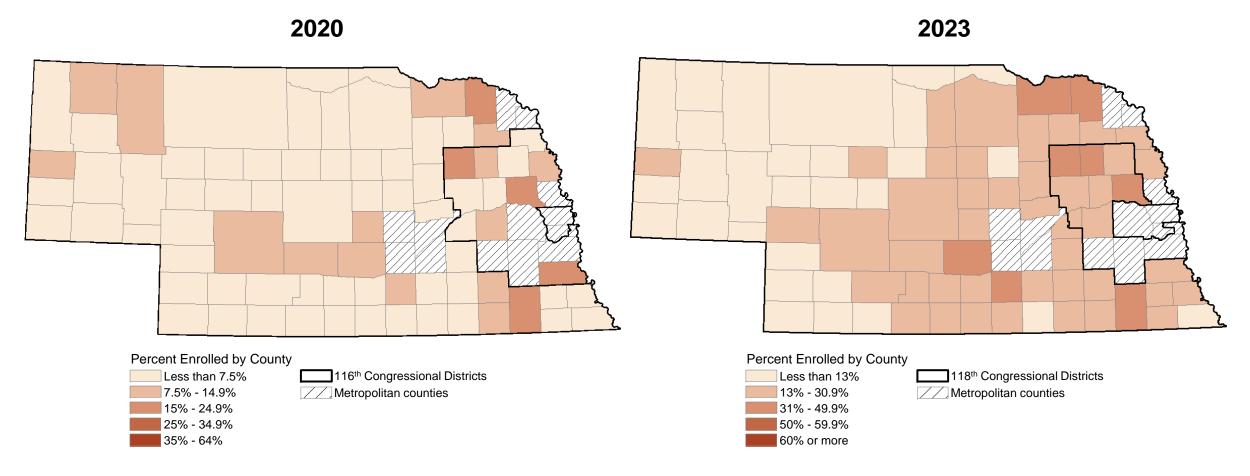
Percent of Eligible Medicare Non-Metropolitan Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicare Advantage and other Prepaid Plans: Iowa







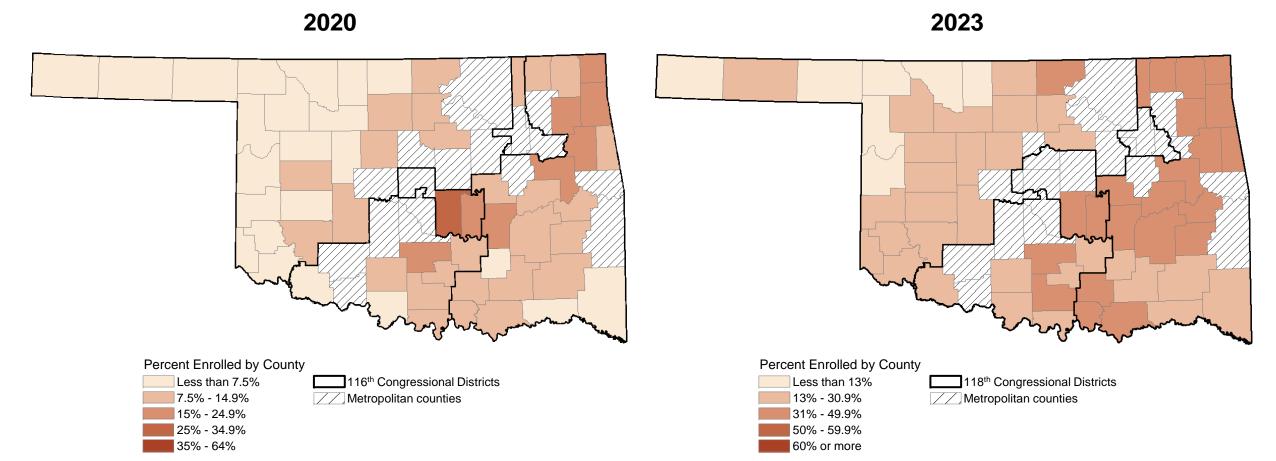
Percent of Eligible Medicare Non-Metropolitan Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicare Advantage and other Prepaid Plans: Nebraska







Percent of Eligible Medicare Non-Metropolitan Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicare Advantage and other Prepaid Plans: Oklahoma

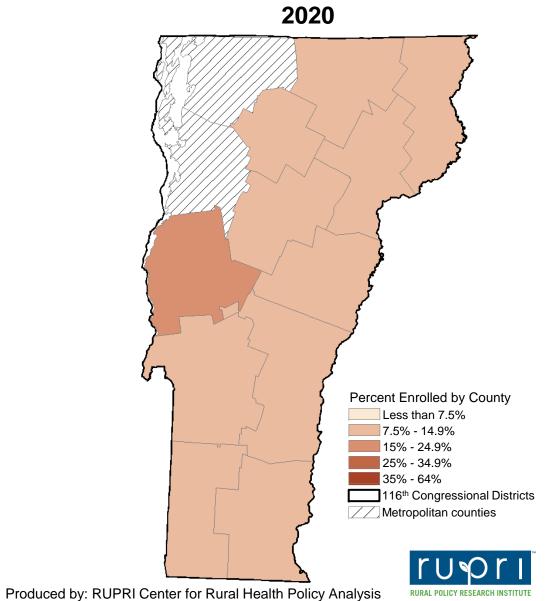


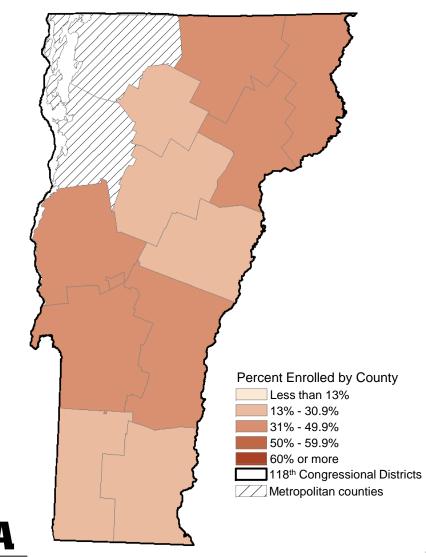




Produced by: RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis Source of data: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Percent of Eligible Medicare Non-Metropolitan Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicare Advantage and other Prepaid Plans: Vermont

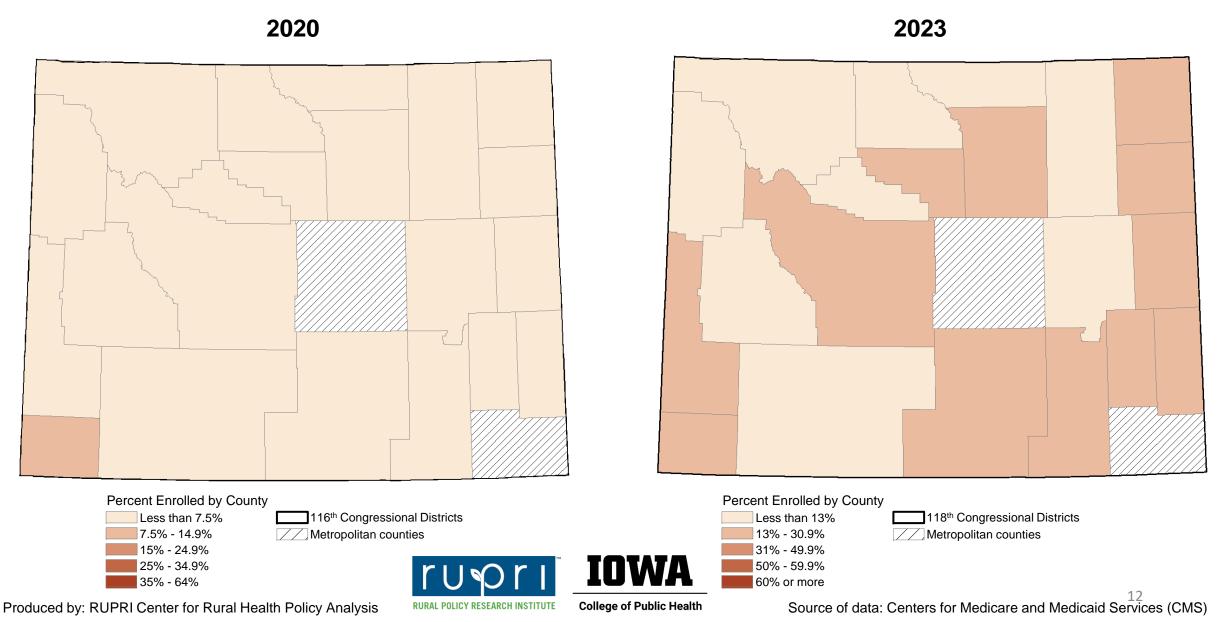




2023

College of Public Health

Percent of Eligible Medicare Non-Metropolitan Beneficiaries Enrolled in Medicare Advantage and other Prepaid Plans: Wyoming



What is Available to Rural Beneficiaries

- Growth in participation exceeding what population only would suggest
- In almost all counties (95% of noncore, 96% of micropolitan and 88% of metropolitan) at least one plan is offered with \$0 premium
- There at least 2 Zero Premium plans in 82% of noncore counties and 88% of micropolitan counties (95% of metropolitan)
- A smaller proportion of MA plans offer supplemental benefits in rural counties -- next slide

<u>Source:</u> Semprini J, Ullrich F, and Mueller KJ (2021) Availability of Supplemental Benefits in Medicare Advantage Plans in Rural and Urban Areas. *Rural Policy Brief* RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis. February. http://www.public-health.uiowa.edu/rupri/



Proportion of MA Plans offering supplemental benefits by county type in 2020

	Noncore	Micropolit	Metropoli
Supplemental Benefits	Counties	an	tan
		Counties	Counties
Eye exams	85.4%	90.2%	94.1%
Fitness programs	69.7%	80.0%	87.7%
Hearing exams	73.2%	80.6%	86.0%
Preventive dental care	73.4%	80.9%	86.9%
Remote access technologies*	42.6%	49.4%	56.3%
Over-the-counter items	54.5%	60.6%	66.9%
Health education	29.5%	35.5%	40.1%
Transportation services	10.3%	15.2%	23.0%
Smoking and tobacco cessation services	15.3%	20.3%	21.4%
Personal emergency response systems	8.3%	10.3%	11.3%
In-home safety assessment	2.8%	3.7%	3.0%
Post discharge, in-home med. Reconciliation	1.0%	1.9%	1.8%

Source: CMS Plan Benefit Files for 2020.

Table ordered by benefits most often included in plans.



^{*}Including web/phone-based technologies and nursing hotline.

Questions about MA Plans

- Who are the plans in my area?
- What is their influence on my revenue?
- What is my experience with prior approval, denied claims, timely payment?
- What is their philosophy in negotiating payment?
- Can I negotiate a new value-based payment contract?
- What are the consequences of not accepting them as a third-party payor?





What to Do: Advice from Early Experience

- For CAHs in particular "Stand firm!" on securing cost-based reimbursement
- Read contracts carefully and use experts: "read everything. Look at every single detail" – watch language such as "sole discretion of payer"
- Be sure contract states term required to meet needs of your hospital, be clear about time frames for payment, try to get interim rate updates

<u>Source</u>: RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis, North Carolina Rural Health Research and Policy Analysis Center, and Walsh Center for Rural Health Analysis (2005). Contracting with Medicare Advantage Plans: A Brief for Critical Access Hospital Administrators. <u>www.ruprihealth.org</u>.



Negotiations Circa 2023

- "Stay the course" despite payment uncertainties: Ozarks Community Hospital in Arkansas
- Negotiate provisions on prior authorization and claims processing times: Aspirus Health in Wausau, WI
- Exit MA networks: St. Charles Health System in central Oregon

Source: Tepper N (2023) How rural hospitals are fighting Medicare Advantage. Modern Healthcare September 18: 6-7.







Policy Levers

- CMS rule making
 - Leverage is whether or not the plan is approved
 - Used in 2022-3 to regulate marketing
 - Used in 2023-4 to regulate broker fees
 - Used in 2023 to regulate prior authorization (for MA and TM)
- State insurance regulations
- Legislation
 - Including authorizing and funding technical assistance
 - Revisit network adequacy standards





For further information

The RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis

http://cph.uiowa.edu/rupri

The RUPRI Health Panel

http://www.rupri.org

Rural Health Value

http://www.ruralhealthvalue.org



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